

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
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The Committee on Regulated Industries (Rodriguez) recommended the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (866366) (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Homeowners' Associations Bill of Rights."

Section 2. Subsection (1) and paragraph (g) of subsection (4) of section 720.303, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (d) is added to subsection (8) of that section, to

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720.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting; association funds: recalls.-

- (1) POWERS AND DUTIES.-
- (a) An association which operates a community as defined in s. 720.301_{7} must be operated by an association that is a Florida corporation. After October 1, 1995, the association must be incorporated and the initial governing documents must be recorded in the official records of the county in which the community is located. An association may operate more than one community.
- (b) 1. The officers and directors of an association have a fiduciary relationship to the members who are served by the association.
- 2. An officer or a director charged by information or indictment with any of the following crimes must be removed from office, and the vacancy must be filled as provided in s. 720.306(9) until the end of the officer's or director's period of suspension or the end of his or her term of office, whichever occurs first:
- a. Forgery of a ballot envelope or voting certificate used in a homeowners' association election as provided in s. 831.01.
- b. Theft or embezzlement of funds of a homeowners' association as provided in s. 812.014.
- c. Destruction of or the refusal to allow inspection or copying of an official record of a homeowners' association that is accessible to parcel owners within the time periods required by general law in furtherance of any crime. Such act constitutes

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tampering with physical evidence as provided in s. 918.13.

- d. Obstruction of justice under chapter 843.
- 3. If a criminal charge is pending against the officer or director, he or she may not be appointed or elected to a position as an officer or a director of any association and may not have access to the official records of any association, except pursuant to a court order. However, if the charges are resolved without a finding of guilt, the officer or director must be reinstated for the remainder of his or her term of office, if any.
- (c) The powers and duties of an association include those set forth in this chapter and, except as expressly limited or restricted in this chapter, those set forth in the governing documents.
- (d) After control of the association is obtained by members other than the developer, the association may institute, maintain, settle, or appeal actions or hearings in its name on behalf of all members concerning matters of common interest to the members, including, but not limited to, the common areas; roof or structural components of a building, or other improvements for which the association is responsible; mechanical, electrical, or plumbing elements serving an improvement or building for which the association is responsible; representations of the developer pertaining to any existing or proposed commonly used facility; and protesting ad valorem taxes on commonly used facilities. The association may defend actions in eminent domain or bring inverse condemnation actions. Before commencing litigation against any party in the name of the association involving amounts in controversy in

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excess of \$100,000, the association must obtain the affirmative approval of a majority of the voting interests at a meeting of the membership at which a quorum has been attained. This paragraph subsection does not limit any statutory or common-law right of any individual member or class of members to bring any action without participation by the association.

- (e) A member does not have authority to act for the association by virtue of being a member. An association may have more than one class of members and may issue membership certificates.
- (f) An association of 15 or fewer parcel owners may enforce only the requirements of those deed restrictions established prior to the purchase of each parcel upon an affected parcel owner or owners.
- (4) OFFICIAL RECORDS.—The association shall maintain each of the following items, when applicable, which constitute the official records of the association:
- (q) A current roster of all members and their designated mailing addresses and parcel identifications. A member's designated mailing address is the member's property address, unless the member has sent written notice to the association requesting that a different mailing address be used for all required notices. The association shall also maintain the e-mail electronic mailing addresses and the facsimile numbers designated by members for receiving notice sent by electronic transmission of those members consenting to receive notice by electronic transmission. A member's e-ma<u>il address is the e-mail</u> address the member provided when consenting in writing to receiving notice by electronic transmission, unless the member

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has sent written notice to the association requesting that a different e-mail address be used for all required notices. The e-mail electronic mailing addresses and facsimile numbers provided by members unit owners to receive notice by electronic transmission must shall be removed from association records when the member revokes consent to receive notice by electronic transmission is revoked. However, the association is not liable for an erroneous disclosure of the e-mail electronic mail address or the facsimile number for receiving electronic transmission of notices.

- (8) ASSOCIATION FUNDS; COMMINGLING.-
- (d) If an association collects a deposit from a member for any reason, including to pay for expenses that may be incurred as a result of construction on a member's parcel, such funds must be maintained separately and may not be comingled with any other association funds. Upon completion of the member's construction project, or other reason for which the deposit was collected, the member may request an accounting from the association of his or her funds that were deposited, and the association must provide such accounting to the member within 7 days after receiving the member's request. An association must remit payment of any unused funds to the member within 30 days after receiving notice that the member's construction project, or other reason for which the deposit was collected, is complete.

Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 720.3033, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

720.3033 Officers and directors.-

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(3) An officer, a director, or a manager may not solicit, offer to accept, or accept any thing good or service of value for which consideration has not been provided for his or her benefit or for the benefit of a member of his or her immediate family from any person providing or proposing to provide goods or services to the association. An officer, a director, or a manager who knowingly solicits, offers to accept, or accepts any thing or service of value or kickback for which consideration has not been provided for his or her own benefit or that of his or her immediate family, from any person providing or proposing to provide goods or services to the association is subject to a civil penalty under s. 718.501(1)(d) and, if applicable, a criminal penalty as provided in s. 718.111(1)(d). If the board finds that an officer or a director has violated this subsection, the board shall immediately remove the officer or director from office. The vacancy shall be filled according to law until the end of the officer's or director's term of office. However, an officer, a director, or a manager may accept food to be consumed at a business meeting with a value of less than \$25 per individual or a service or good received in connection with trade fairs or education programs.

(6)(a) Directors and officers of an association that are appointed by the developer must disclose to the association their relationship to the developer each calendar year in which they serve as a director or an officer. Directors and officers appointed by the developer must disclose any other activity that may reasonably be construed to be a conflict of interest pursuant to paragraph (b).

(b) Directors and officers must disclose to the association

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any activity that may be reasonably construed to be a conflict of interest at least 14 days before voting on an issue or entering into a contract that is the subject of the conflict. A rebuttable presumption of a conflict of interest exists if any of the following acts occur without prior disclosure to the association:

- 1. A director or an officer, or a relative of a director or an officer, enters into a contract for goods or services with the association.
- 2. A director or an officer, or a relative of a director or an officer, holds an interest in a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited liability partnership, or other business entity that conducts business with the association or proposes to enter into a contract or other transaction with the association.

Section 4. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 720.305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

720.305 Obligations of members; remedies at law or in equity; levy of fines and suspension of use rights.-

- (1) Each member and the member's tenants, guests, and invitees, and each association, are governed by, and must comply with, this chapter, the governing documents of the community, and the rules of the association. Actions at law or in equity, or both, to redress alleged failure or refusal to comply with these provisions may be brought by the association or by any member against:
 - (a) The association;
 - (b) A member;
 - (c) Any director or officer of an association who willfully



and knowingly fails to comply with these provisions; and (d) Any tenants, quests, or invitees occupying a parcel or using the common areas.

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The prevailing party in any such litigation is entitled to recover reasonable attorney fees and costs as provided in paragraph (2)(e). A member prevailing in an action between the association and the member under this section, in addition to recovering his or her reasonable attorney fees, may recover additional amounts as determined by the court to be necessary to reimburse the member for his or her share of assessments levied by the association to fund its expenses of the litigation. This relief does not exclude other remedies provided by law. This section does not deprive any person of any other available right or remedy.

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(2) An association may levy reasonable fines for violations of the declaration, association's bylaws, or reasonable rules of the association. A fine may not exceed \$100 per violation against any member or any member's tenant, quest, or invitee for the failure of the owner of the parcel or its occupant, licensee, or invitee to comply with any provision of the declaration, the association bylaws, or reasonable rules of the association unless otherwise provided in the governing documents. A fine may be levied by the board for each day of a continuing violation, with a single notice and opportunity for hearing, except that the fine may not exceed \$1,000 in the aggregate unless otherwise provided in the governing documents. A fine of less than \$1,000 may not become a lien against a parcel. In any action to recover a fine, the prevailing party is

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entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs from the nonprevailing party as determined by the court.

- (a) An association may suspend, for a reasonable period of time, the right of a member, or a member's tenant, quest, or invitee, to use common areas and facilities for the failure of the owner of the parcel or its occupant, licensee, or invitee to comply with any provision of the declaration, the association bylaws, or reasonable rules of the association. This paragraph does not apply to that portion of common areas used to provide access or utility services to the parcel. A suspension may not prohibit an owner or tenant of a parcel from having vehicular and pedestrian ingress to and egress from the parcel, including, but not limited to, the right to park.
- (b) A fine or suspension levied by the board of administration may not be imposed unless the board first provides at least 14 days' notice to the parcel owner at his or her designated mailing or e-mail address in the association's official records and, if applicable, any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner, sought to be fined or suspended and an opportunity for a hearing before a committee of at least three members appointed by the board who are not officers, directors, or employees of the association, or the spouse, parent, child, brother, or sister of an officer, director, or employee. The notice must include a description of the alleged violation, the specific action required to cure such violation, if applicable, and the date and location of the hearing. A parcel owner has the right to attend a hearing by telephone or other electronic means.
 - (c) If the committee, by majority vote, does not approve a

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proposed fine or suspension, the proposed fine or suspension may not be imposed. The role of the committee is limited to determining whether to confirm or reject the fine or suspension levied by the board.

- (d) After the hearing, the committee shall provide written notice to the parcel owner at his or her designated mailing or e-mail address in the association's official records and, if applicable, any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner, of the committee's findings related to the violation, including any applicable fines or suspensions that the committee approved or rejected, and how the parcel owner or any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner may cure the violation, if applicable.
- (e) If the proposed fine or suspension levied by the board is approved by the committee by a majority vote, the fine payment is due 5 days after notice of the approved fine required under paragraph (d) is provided to the parcel owner and, if applicable, to any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner. The association must provide written notice of such fine or suspension by mail or hand delivery to the parcel owner and, if applicable, to any occupant, licensee, or invitee of the parcel owner.
- (5) All suspensions imposed under pursuant to subsection (3) or subsection (4) must be approved at a properly noticed board meeting. Upon approval, the board association must send written notice to notify the parcel owner and, if applicable, the parcel's occupant, licensee, or invitee by mail or hand delivery to the parcel owner's designated mailing or e-mail address in the association's official records.

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Section 5. Section 720.3065, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

720.3065 Fraudulent voting activities relating to association elections; penalties.—Each of the following acts is a fraudulent voting activity relating to association elections and constitutes a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083:

- (1) Willfully and falsely swearing to or affirming an oath or affirmation, or willfully procuring another person to falsely swear to or affirm an oath or affirmation, in connection with or arising out of voting activities.
- (2) Perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate, or aiding in the perpetration of, fraud in connection with a vote cast, to be cast, or attempted to be cast.
- (3) Preventing a member from voting or preventing a member from voting as he or she intended by fraudulently changing or attempting to change a ballot, ballot envelope, vote, or voting certificate of the member.
- (4) Menacing, threatening, or using bribery or any other corruption to attempt, directly or indirectly, to influence, deceive, or deter a member when the member is voting.
- (5) Giving or promising, directly or indirectly, anything of value to another member with the intent to buy the vote of that member or another member or to corruptly influence that member or another member in casting his or her vote. This subsection does not apply to any food served which is to be consumed at an election rally or a meeting or to any item of nominal value which is used as an election advertisement, including a campaign message designed to be worn by a member.



(6) Using or threatening to use, directly or indirectly, force, violence, or intimidation or any tactic of coercion or intimidation to induce or compel a member to vote or refrain from voting in an election or on a particular ballot measure. Section 6. This act shall take effect October 1, 2023.

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> ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to homeowners' associations; providing a short title; amending s. 720.303, F.S.; requiring certain officers or directors of an association to be removed from office under certain circumstances; specifying how a vacancy on the association board must be filled; providing restrictions on certain officers and directors; specifying when an officer or director is required to be reinstated; requiring an association to maintain designated addresses as official records; specifying what constitutes a designated address; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; prohibiting certain funds from being comingled with other association funds; authorizing a member to request an accounting from an association under certain circumstances; requiring an association to provide such accounting and remit unused funds to the member within specified timeframes; amending s. 720.3033, F.S.; providing criminal and civil penalties

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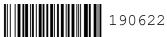
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for certain actions by officers, directors, or managers of an association; requiring directors and officers of the association to disclose certain activity and relationships to the association within a specified timeframe; creating a rebuttable presumption of a conflict of interest if certain acts occur; amending s. 720.305, F.S.; restricting certain attorney fees and fines; specifying the types of violations for which an association may levy fines; specifying where certain notice must be delivered; providing requirements for such notice; authorizing parcel owners to attend certain hearings by telephone or other electronic means; requiring a specified notice after a hearing; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 720.3065, F.S.; providing criminal penalties for certain fraudulent voting activities; providing an effective date.